Studland Bay Marine Conservation Zone (MCZ)





Fact file

Studland Bay MCZ runs from the iconic Old Harry Rocks to the northern tip of Studland Bay.

Extensive and dense seagrass meadows in the sheltered south of the bay are home to breeding populations of both native seahorse species as well as pipefishes, wrasses and juveniles of commercial fish species such as bass, bream and flatfish. The endangered undulate ray also uses this area as a nursery ground.

In the wider bay, shallow-water, sandy plains support a range of shellfish, including the native oyster, the Chinese-hat shell. Many species of burrowing bivalves and worms such as lugworms and the sandmason worm live within the sand.

Sea urchins, starfish, hermit crabs and the masked crab also live at this site will benefit greatly from designation of this zone as an MCZ.

Location



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Protecting Wildlife for the Future

Marine Conservation Zones



Studland Bay 3.9km²

Marine Conservation Zone (MCZ)

Help us to protect our seas

UK seas have the potential to be some of the most wildlife rich on Earth, but ambitious protection is needed to reverse the decades of decline.

Great progress has been made in securing protected areas at sea but there's still work to be done.

With your help we can make sure that our Marine Conservation Zones and seas are given the protection they need to thrive once again!

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Find out more about other MCZs

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• You can also send us any information or sightings from this MCZ to

marine@wildlifetrusts.org



The Wildlife Trusts

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"The designation of the third tranche of Marine Conservation Zones has given us an amazing opportunity to protect our marine wildlife and habitats for future generations. We now have 91 MCZs which is great news, but to help our seas recover we also need the Government to implement proper management and monitoring of these sites."

Joan Edwards Director of Living Seas & Public Affairs The Wildlife Trusts

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